



5SDF 0103Z0401

High Frequency Housingless Welding Diode

Properties

- High forward current capability
- Low forward and reverse recovery losses

Applications

- Welding equipment
- High current application up to 10 kHz

Key Parameters

| | | | |
|------------|---|--------|----|
| V_{RRM} | = | 400 | V |
| I_{FAVm} | = | 10 266 | A |
| I_{FSM} | = | 54 000 | A |
| V_{TO} | = | 0.998 | V |
| r_T | = | 0.027 | mΩ |

Types

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| | V_{RRM} |
| 5SDF 0103Z0401 | 400 V |
| Conditions: | $T_j = -40 \div 190 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, half sine waveform, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ |

Mechanical Data

| | | |
|-------|---------------------------|------------|
| F_m | Mounting force | 30 ÷ 50 kN |
| m | Weight | 0.11 kg |
| D_s | Surface creepage distance | 2 mm |
| D_a | Air strike distance | 2 mm |

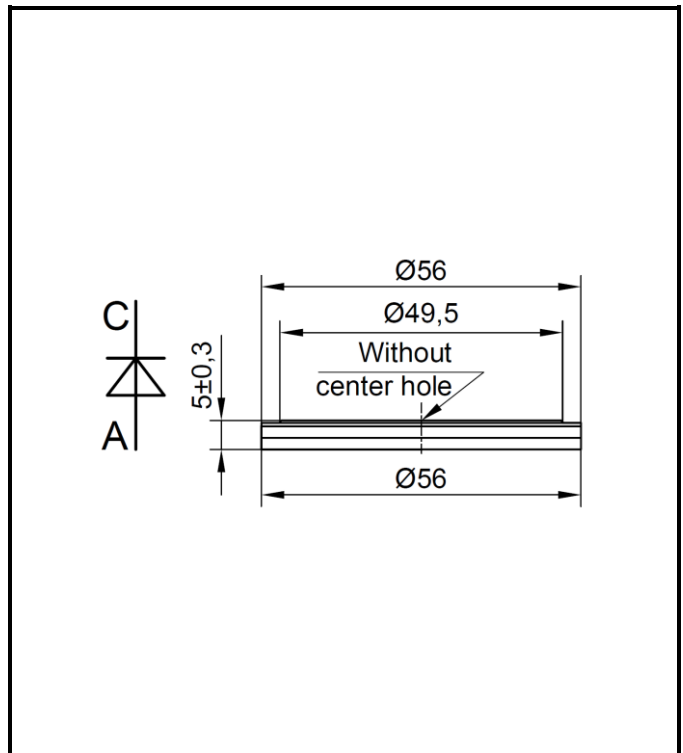


Fig. 1 Case



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| Maximum Ratings | | | Maximum Limits | Unit |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| V_{RRM} | Repetitive peak reverse voltage $T_j = -40 \div 190 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | | 400 | V |
| I_{FAVM} | Average forward current | $T_c = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 10 266 | A |
| | | $T_c = 110 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 8 431 | |
| I_{FRMS} | RMS forward current | $T_c = 85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 16 125 | A |
| | | $T_c = 110 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 13 243 | |
| I_{RRM} | Repetitive reverse current $V_R = V_{RRM}$ | | 200 | mA |
| I_{FSM} | Non repetitive peak surge current $V_R = 0 \text{ V, half sine pulse}$ | $t_p = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ | 57 700 | A |
| | | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ | 54 000 | |
| Pt | Limiting load integral $V_R = 0 \text{ V, half sine pulse}$ | $t_p = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ | 13 809 000 | A²s |
| | | $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ | 14 580 000 | |
| $T_{jmin} - T_{jmax}$ | Operating temperature range | | - 40 \div 190 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $T_{stgmin} - T_{stgmax}$ | Storage temperature range | | - 40 \div 190 | |

Unless otherwise specified $T_j = 190 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

| Characteristics | | | Value | | | Unit |
|------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | <i>min</i> | <i>typ</i> | <i>max</i> | |
| V_{T0} | Threshold voltage | | | | 0.998 | V |
| r_T | Forward slope resistance $I_{F1} = 10\,000 \text{ A, } I_{F2} = 30\,000 \text{ A}$ | | | | 0.027 | mΩ |
| V_{FM} | Maximum forward voltage | $I_{FM} = 8\,000 \text{ A}$ | | | 1.200 | V |
| | | $I_{FM} = 10\,000 \text{ A}$ | | | 1.270 | |
| Q_{rr} | Recovered charge $I_{FM} = 2\,000 \text{ A, } di/dt = -30 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s, } V_R = 50 \text{ V}$ | | | | 230 | μC |

Unless otherwise specified $T_j = 190 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

| Thermal Parameters | | | Value | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|------|
| R_{thjc} | Thermal resistance junction to case | double side cooling | 5.0 | K/kW |
| | | anode side cooling | 6.6 | |
| | | cathode side cooling | 20.3 | |
| R_{thch} | Thermal resistance case to heatsink | double side cooling | 2.5 | K/kW |
| | | anode side cooling | 4.5 | |
| | | cathode side cooling | 5.7 | |

Transient Thermal Impedance

Analytical function for transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{thjc} = \sum_{i=1}^4 R_i (1 - \exp(-t / \tau_i))$$

Conditions:
 $F_m = 30 \div 50$ kN, Double side cooled

Correction for periodic waveforms

| | |
|-------------------|----------|
| 180° sine: | 1.1 K/kW |
| 180° rectangular: | 1.0 K/kW |
| 120° rectangular: | 1.5 K/kW |
| 60° rectangular: | 2.4 K/kW |

| i | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|--------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| τ_i (s) | 0.0480 | 0.0230 | 0.0071 | 0.0009 |
| R_i (K/kW) | 4.0934 | 0.1986 | 0.5798 | 0.1353 |

Fig. 2 Dependence transient thermal impedance junction to case on square pulse

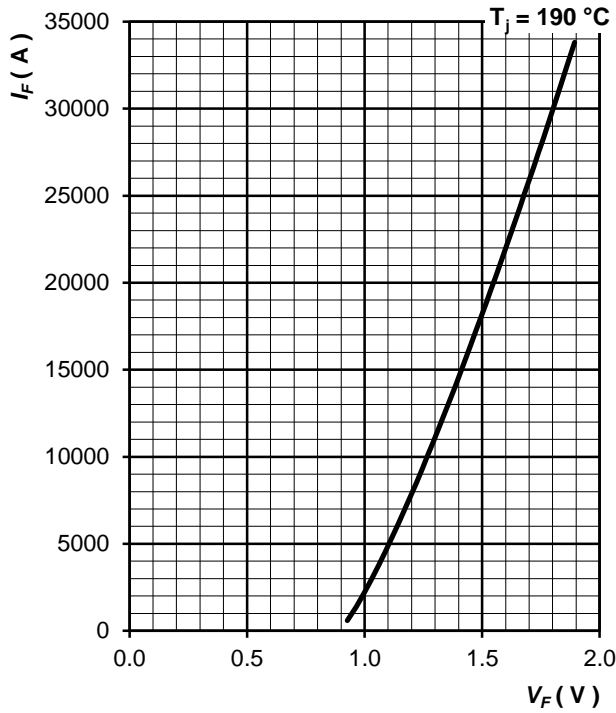


Fig. 3 Maximum forward voltage drop characteristics

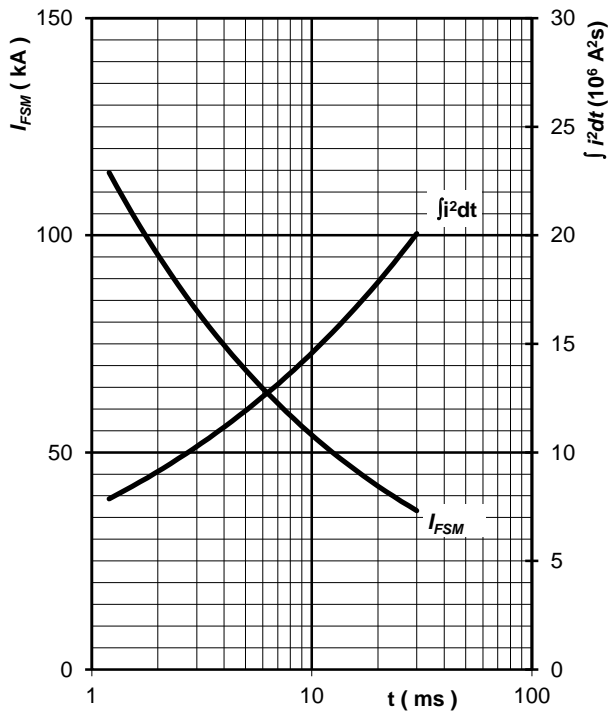


Fig. 4 Surge forward current vs. pulse length, half sine wave, single pulse, $V_R = 0 \text{ V}$, $T_j = T_{jmax}$

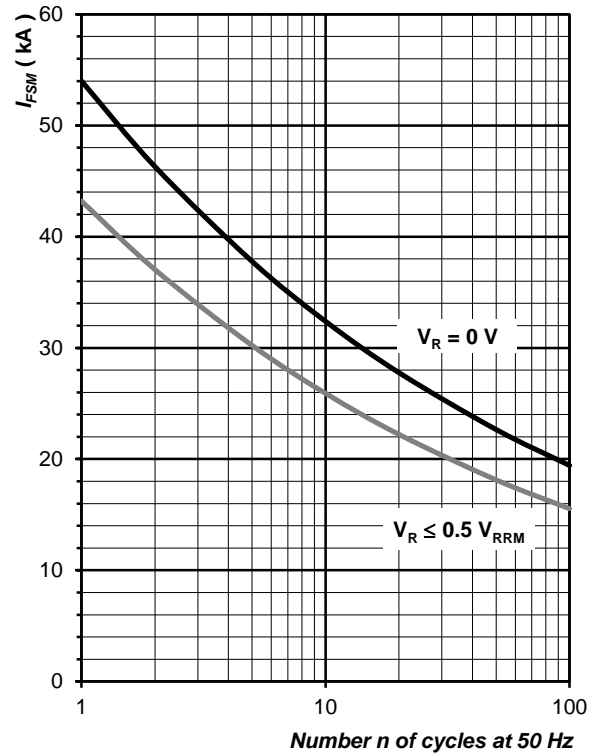


Fig. 5 Surge forward current vs. number of pulses, half sine wave, $T_j = T_{jmax}$

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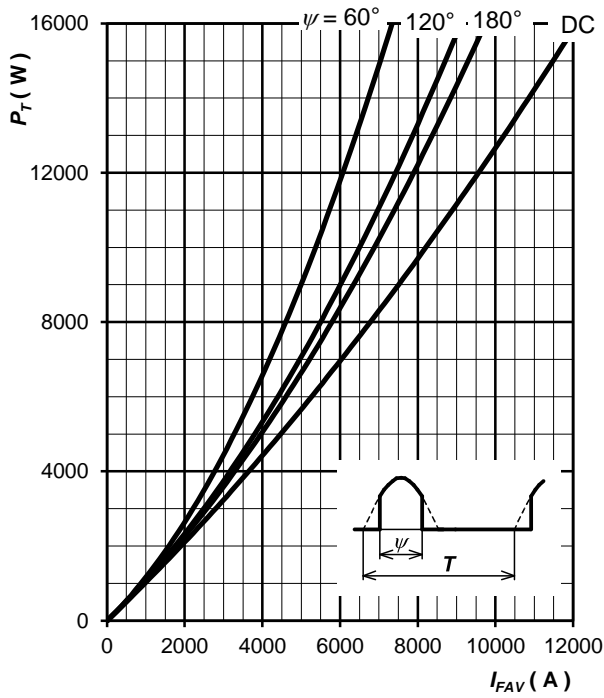


Fig. 6 Forward power loss vs. average forward current, sine waveform, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $T = 1/f$

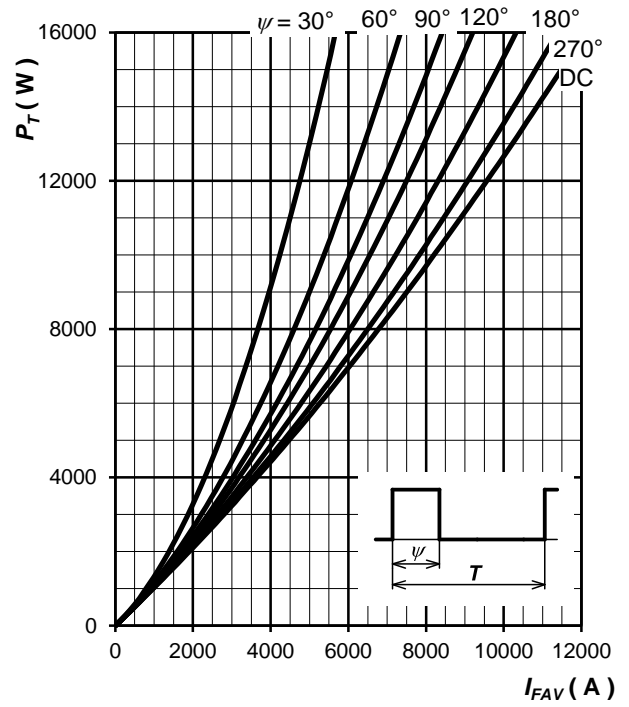


Fig. 7 Forward power loss vs. average forward current, square waveform, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $T = 1/f$

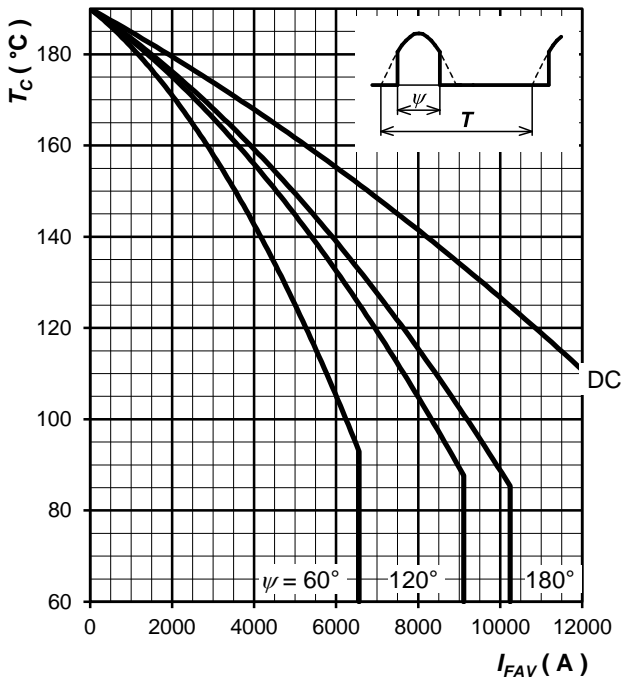


Fig. 8 Max. case temperature vs. aver. forward current, sine waveform, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $T = 1/f$

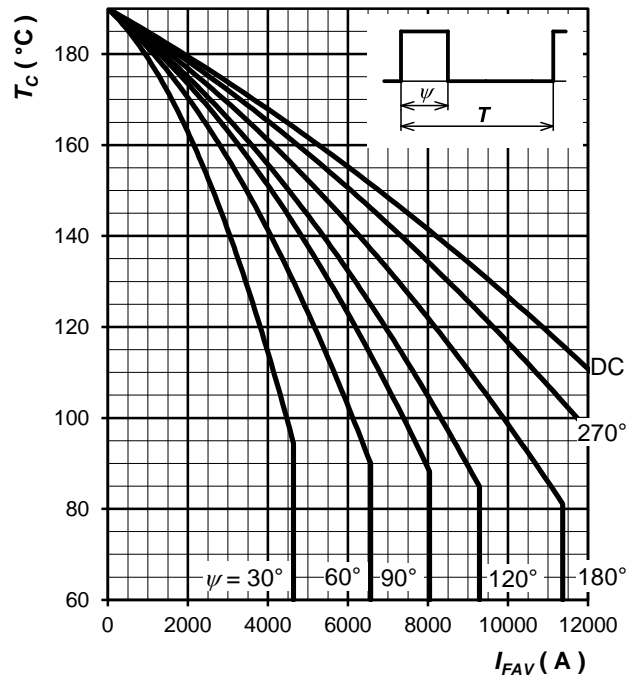


Fig. 9 Max. case temperature vs. aver. forward current, square waveform, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $T = 1/f$

Note 2: Figures number 6 ÷ 9 have been calculated without considering any forward and reverse recovery losses. They are valid for $f = 50$ or 60 Hz operation.

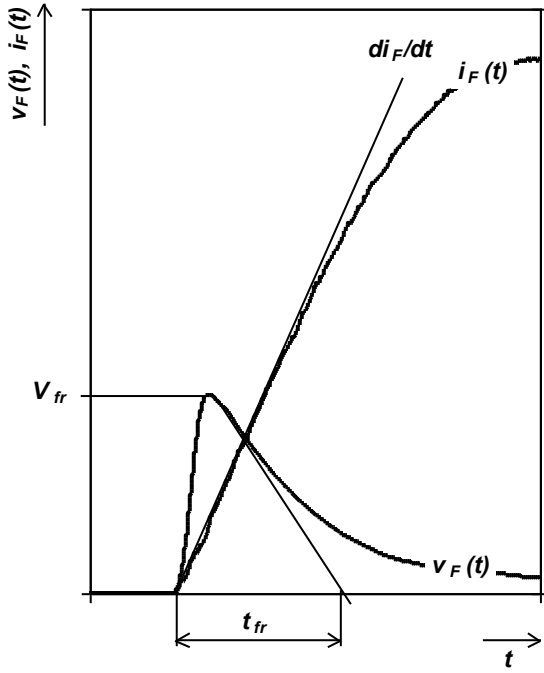


Fig. 10 Typical forward recovery voltage waveform when the diode is turned on with high di_F/dt

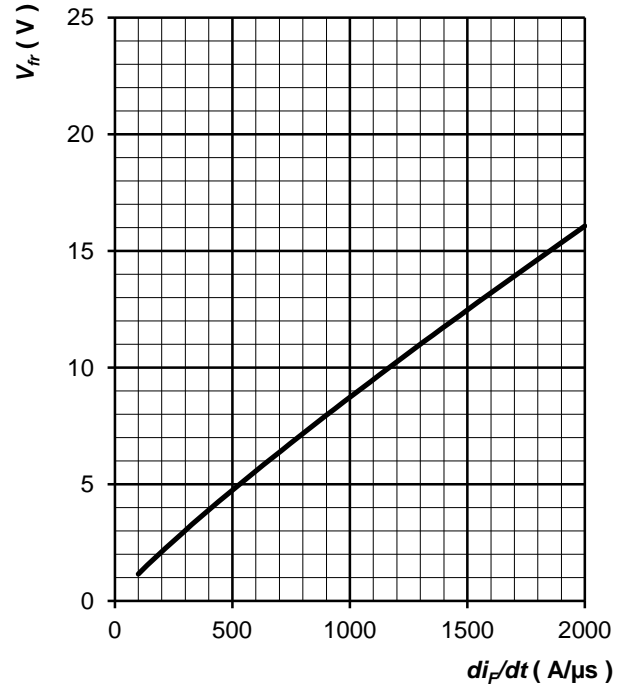


Fig. 11 Max. forward recovery voltage vs. rate of rise forward current, trapezoid pulse, $T_j = T_{jmax}$, $t_{fr} \leq 10 \mu s$

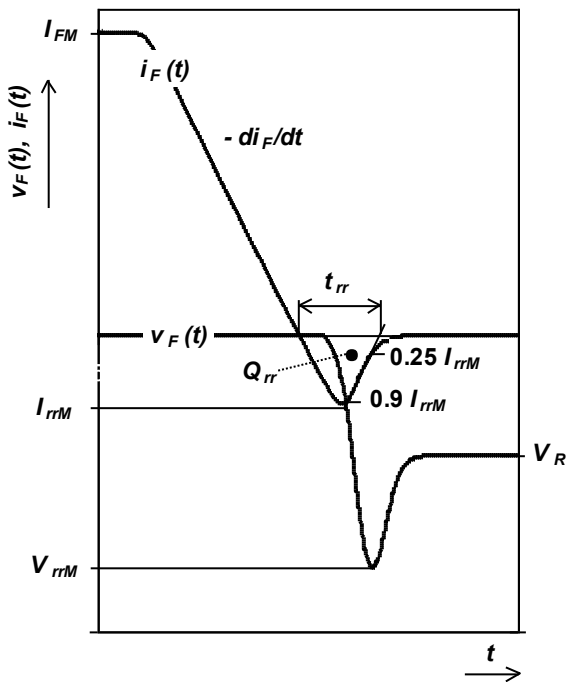


Fig. 12 Definition of reverse recovery parameters

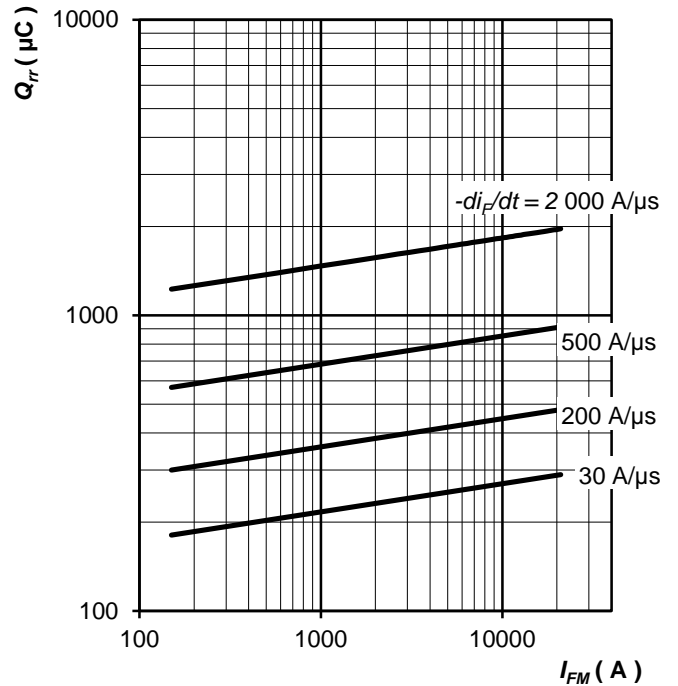


Fig. 13 Max. recovered charge vs. forward current, trapezoid pulse, $T_j = T_{jmax}$

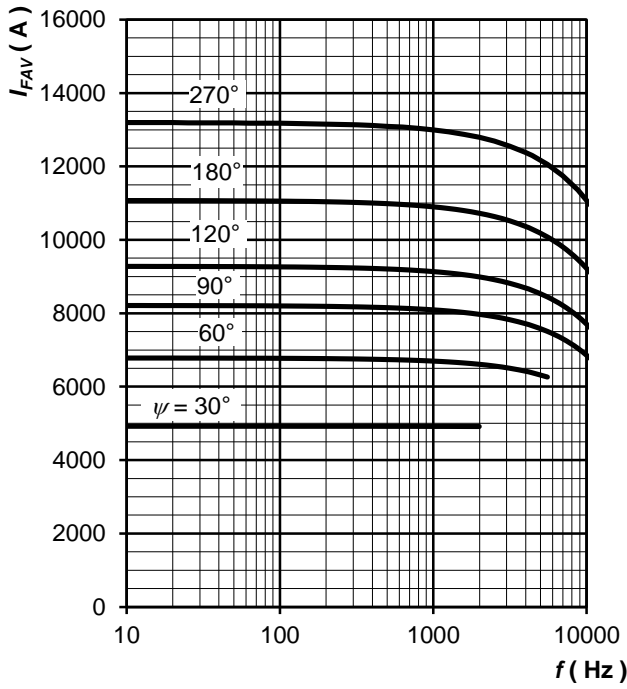


Fig. 14 Average forward current vs. frequency, trapezoid waveform, $T_C = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $di_F/dt = \pm 2\ 000\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_R = 50\ \text{V}$

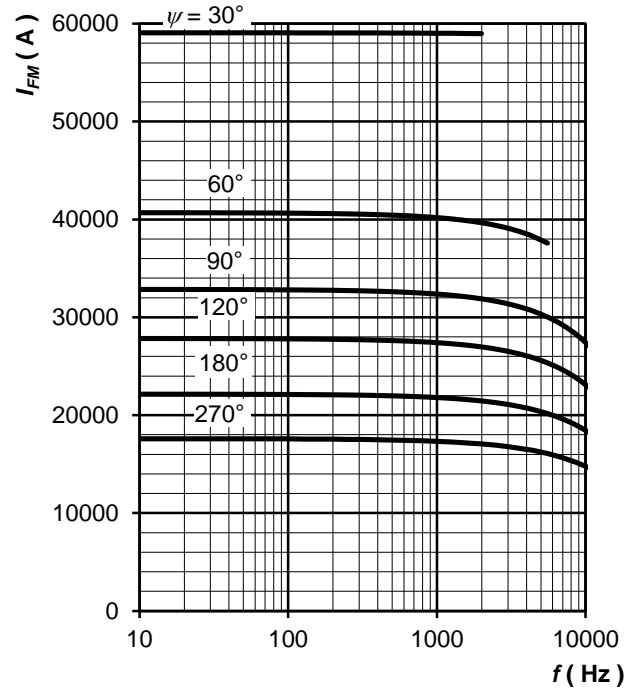


Fig. 15 Maximum forward current vs. frequency, trapezoid waveform, $T_C = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $di_F/dt = \pm 2\ 000\ \text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_R = 50\ \text{V}$

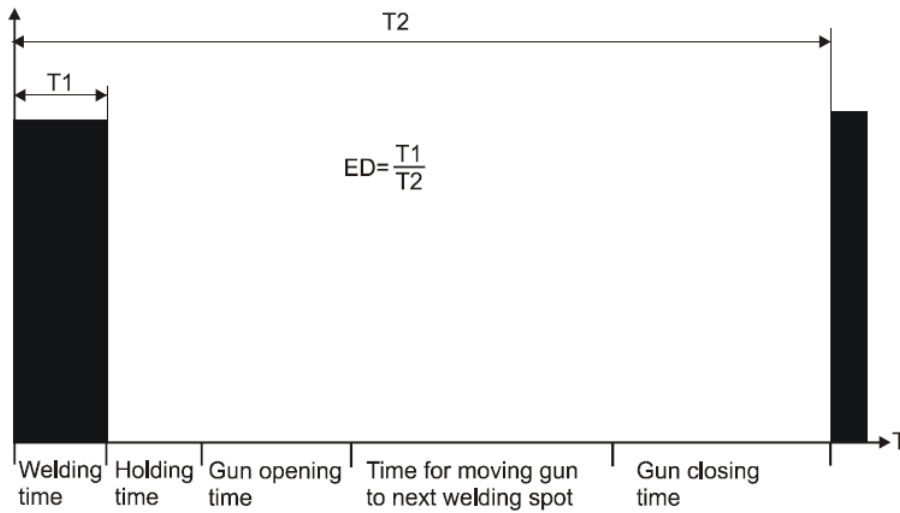


Fig. 16 Definition of ED for typical welding sequence

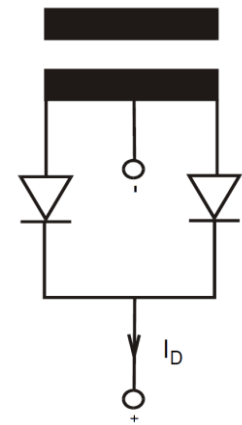


Fig. 17 Definition of I_D for single-phase centre tap

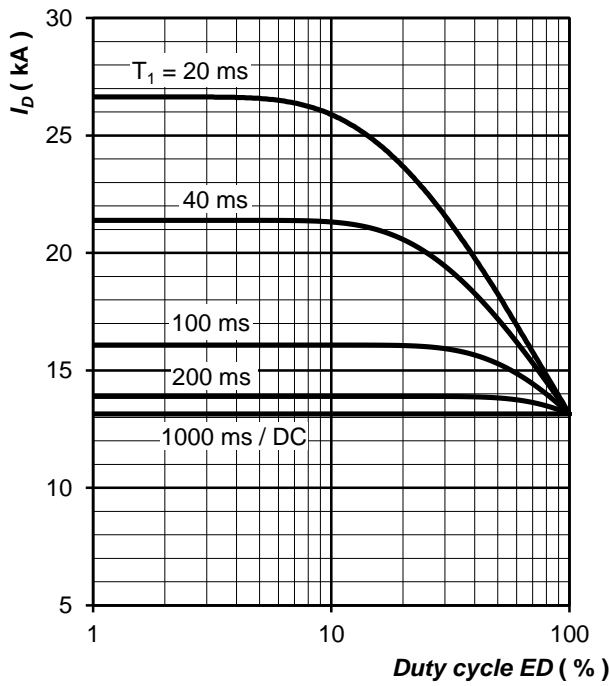


Fig. 18 Current load capacity, cont.,
DC output welding current with single-phase
centre tap vs. duty cycle
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, square wave, $\Delta T_j = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

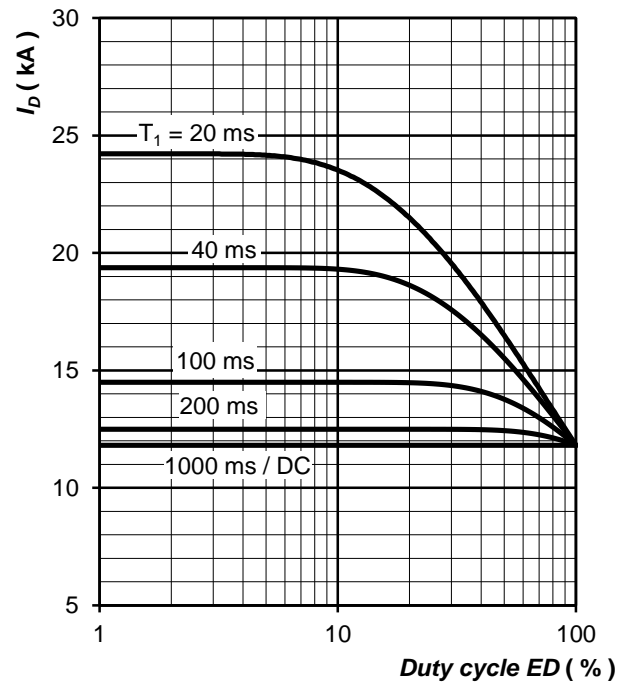


Fig. 19 Current load capacity, cont.,
DC output welding current with single-phase
centre tap vs. duty cycle
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, square wave, $\Delta T_j = 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

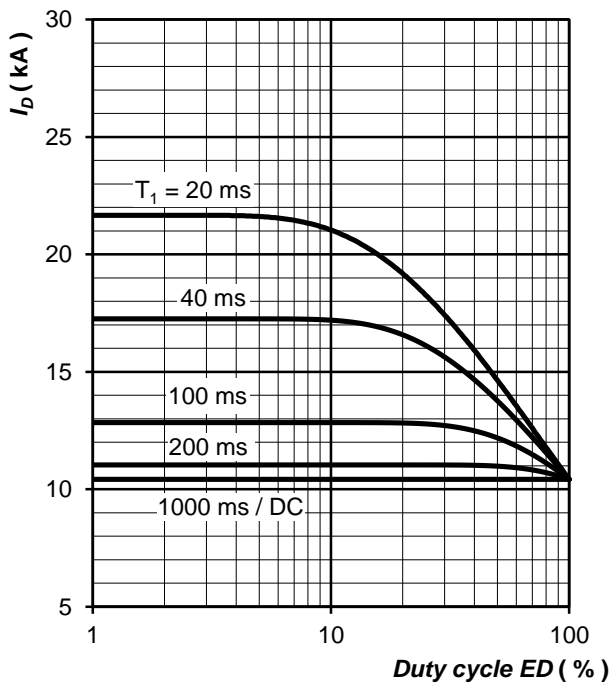


Fig. 20 Current load capacity, cont.,
DC output welding current with single-phase
centre tap vs. duty cycle
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, square wave, $\Delta T_j = 60 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

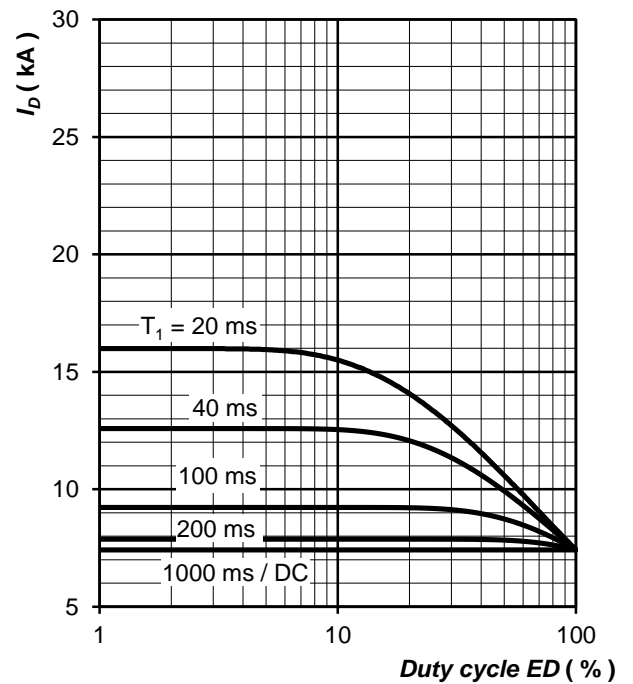


Fig. 21 Current load capacity, cont.,
DC output welding current with single-phase
centre tap vs. duty cycle
 $f = 10 \text{ kHz}$, square wave, $\Delta T_j = 40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

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Notes:

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